

Stealing From Thieves: Breaking IonCube VM to RE Exploit Kits

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About @halsten



- Reverse Engineering
- Automation of RE tasks
- Virtualization
- Regular project-euler problem solver (ranked #1 locally)
- Old crackmes writer and solver

Contents



- What is ionCube?
- Why Protect?
- How does it work?
- VM Architecture
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Not Covered



- Recovering the license file
- Cracking the license decryption algorithm
 - DRM law
- Decompilation of VM Handlers and restoring original PHP source
 - Out of scope

What is ionCube?



- Packer/Compressor

What is ionCube?



- Packer/Compressor
- Protector/Virtualizer

Why Protect?



- Intellectual property

Why Protect?



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 - Algorithm implementation

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 - Serial checking routines

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 - ...

Why Protect?



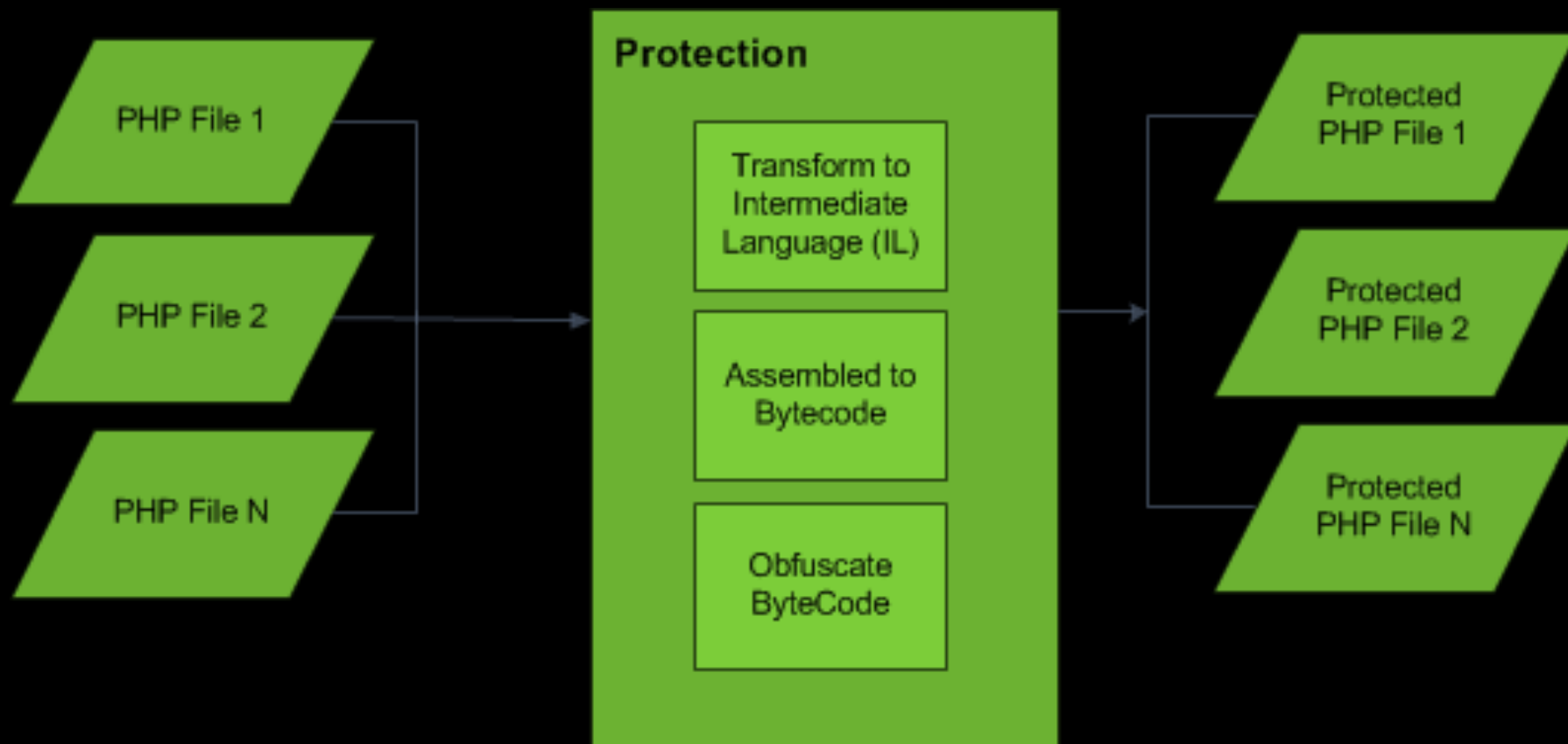
- Intellectual property
 - Algorithm implementation
 - Serial checking routines
 - Hard-coded configurations
 - ...
- Public distribution without modification to the original source

PE Packer vs. PHP Encoder

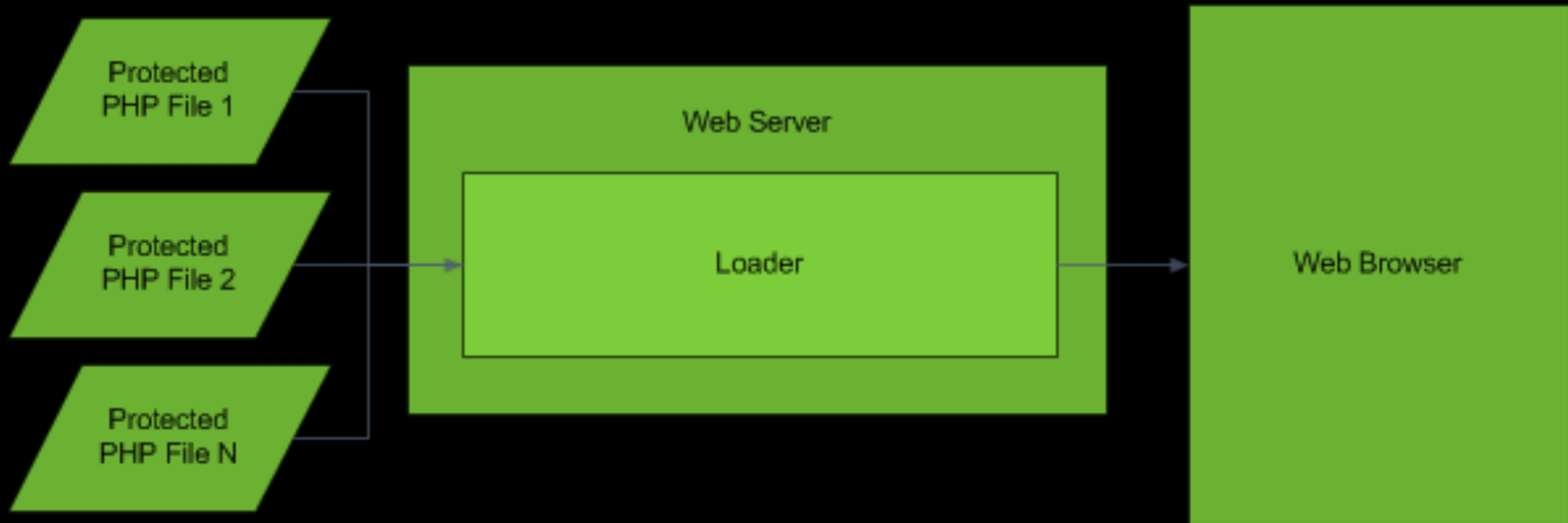


- Traditional PE Packers compress/protect the x86 code and uses its stub to decompress/unprotect it back in during execution
- PHP Encoders has to rely on the ZEND technology (php->zend_opcodes)

How does it work? (Compilation)



How does it work? (Run-Time)



VM Architecture



- Stack based VM (example: .NET, Java)
- Byte Code is obfuscated after compilation
- Uses some crypto for VM header and parameter encryption
- Uses Zend Engine

VM Internals



- Crypto used within the encoder and the VM
 - Custom Base64
 - Adler32
 - CRC32
 - SHA-1
 - MD5
 - BlowFish (Counter Mode Encryption [CTR])
 - Modified Mersenne Twister

Example of a Protected PHP File



```
<?php //00337
if(!extension_loaded('ionCube Loader')){$_oc=strtolower(substr(PHP_UNAME(),0,3));
  $_ln='/ioncube/ioncube_loader_'.$_oc.'.'.substr(PHP_VERSION(),0,3).
  (($_oc=='win')?'.dll':'.so');$_oid=$_id=realpath(ini_get('extension_dir'));
  $_here=dirname(__FILE__);if((@$_id[1])==':'){$_id=str_replace('\
  \','/',substr($_id,2));$_here=str_replace('\\\','/',substr($_here,2));}
  $_rd=str_repeat('../',substr_count($_id,'/')).$_here.'/';
  $_i=strlen($_rd);while($_i--){if($_rd[$_i]=='/'){$_lp=substr($_rd,0,$_i).
  $_ln;if(file_exists($_oid.$_lp)){$_ln=$_lp;break;}}}@dl($_ln);}else{echo('The
  file '.__FILE__.' is corrupted.\n');return 0;}if(function_exists('_il_exec')){return
  _il_exec();}echo('This encoded file cannot be run. Please run the file ioncube-
  loader-helper.php for more information.');
```

```
?>
4+oV5E3tizCOGmZayKycyFdfdNEYKcDQ2UctWQgi5wUMAYDSmMVeoLZpTJY1sb2ZS87vmUDNyJXy
u6mBqXBOY8uBDM8S9FpfYpOU8H2Uybp4eoySb3gsXR3LRDVhZQOE547VladmAtDtg672Z0axEinZ
4Q0KK4ySjmqf/y74+9n0mQxv89e/3ORP/KEy9C7qQ57ANCp167ft8uwqnxmMG2B0FghtwVsgbjWW
TRM9HpX9RfSRUpbRfJyiWM77aOjzW9XB2eAJyxqd/T5a5+EXV17auGnQ2ZiQhbeeajCwKRwWP0X9
N8VmcedG2VriSa6TMSY++2C4zLx5FcRziK7DMb2vYBQA0IhN8SOiVv4t5JIzумыwsmq9bHtAZLdU
62oKLWPotyYaB7R/+nSDX4s7Vwifp0nXJe8NQ5zI36p4UMmoZnHHKC/+oFab7U7rI4uC707fwrhr
b95eZu1QsG+TWFhNjn3Ao9UC1Grvoye+fIL7xrq=
```

How does it work? (Internally)



- There's only 1 way to find out, lets see what the loader is doing under the hood

Breaking ionCube

Extracting the RAW DATA



- Decode the RAW DATA using a custom Base64 character set
("0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcd
efghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz+/")
and not
("ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefg
hijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789+/")

```
4+oV5E3tizCOGmZayKycyFdfdNEYKcDQ2UctWQgi5wUMAYDSmMVeolZpTJYlSb2ZS87vmUDNyJXy
u6mBqXBOY8uBDM8S9FpfYpOU8H2UybP4eoySb3gsXR3LRDVhZQOE547VladmAtDtG672Z0axEinZ
4Q0KK4ySJmQf/y74+9n0mQxv89e/3ORP/KEy9C7qQ57ANCp167ft8uwqnxmMG2B0FghtwVsgbjWW
TRM9HpX9RfSRUpbRfJyiWM77aOjzW9XB2eAJyxqd/T5a5+EXV17auGnQ2ZiQhbeeajCwKRwWP0X9
N8VmcedG2VriSa6TMSY++2C4zLx5FcRziK7DMb2vYBQA0IhN8SOiVv4t5JIzumywsmq9bHtAZLdU
62oKLWPotyYaB7R/+nSDX4s7Vwifp0nXJe8NQ5zI36p4UMmoZnHHKC/+oFab7U7rI4uC707fwrhr
b95eZulQsG+TWFhNjn3Ao9UC1Grvoye+fIL7xrq=
```

Breaking ionCube

Extracting the RAW DATA



- Check for encoded VM restrictions and rules
- Header size (`<?php //0`) -> 10 bytes + 4 bytes (size of loader)
- Determine the starting offset of the loader

Breaking ionCube

Extracting the RAW DATA



- Get PHP version (DWORD)
 - Compare with HARD-CODED values (BINARY MODE)
 - 0xDEADC0DE
 - 0x3FBC2883
 - 0x217582F
 - 0x149FEC13
 - 0x67A6BF45
 - 0x9EB67AC2

Breaking ionCube

Extracting the RAW DATA



- Compare against other HARDCODED values (BASE64 MODE)
 - 0y4h
 - BrWN
 - 4+oV
 - HR+c
 - mdgs

Breaking ionCube

Validating the RAW DATA



- Read a DWORD for the VM version (0x00) XOR the value with 0x2853CEF2 and compare with HARDCODED values
 - $dwVer = \text{ReadDWORD}() \wedge 0x2853CEF2$
 - 0x17EFE61 (v1)
 - 0x2A4496DD (v2)
 - 0x3CCC22E1 (v3)
 - 0x4FF571B7 (v4)
 - 0xA0780FF1 (v5)
 - 0xB6E5B430 (v6)
 - 0xF6FE0E2C (v7)

Breaking ionCube

Process the RAW DATA

- Calculate dwFileSizeKey (DWORD)
 - $dwFileSizeKey = ((dwRawBinaryDataSize + 12321) \wedge 0x23958CDE)$
- Read Header Information (struct)
 - dwHeaderFileSizeKey (DWORD +0x00)
 - dwHeaderSize (DWORD +0x04)
 - dwHeaderKey (DWORD +0x08)

Breaking ionCube

Process the RAW DATA



- Calculate Header Size using the following formula
 - $dwCalculatedHeaderSize = (((dwHeaderSize \wedge 0x184FF593) + (-0x0C21672E)) \wedge dwHeaderKey)$
 - $dwFillData1$ (DWORD +0x0C)
 - $dwFillData2$ (DWORD +0x10)
 - $dwFillData3$ (DWORD +0x14)
- $dwFillData1/dwFillData2/dwFillData3$ (encoded during runtime with 0xFF "<")
- Calculate Header File Size Key
 - $dwCalculatedHeaderFileSizeKey = (dwHeaderFileSizeKey \wedge dwHeaderKey)$

Breaking ionCube

Process the RAW DATA



- Validate Key
 - If ($dwFileSizeKey \neq dwCalculatedHeaderFileSizeKey$)
 - Difference $\rightarrow ABS(dwFileSizeKey - dwCalculatedHeaderFileSizeKey)$
 - Recover the Key
 - $dwNewCalculatedHeaderFileSizeKey = ((dwCalculatedHeaderFileSizeKey - 12321) \wedge 0x23958CDE)$
- Initialize MT PRNG with $dwHeaderKey$

Breaking ionCube

Process the RAW DATA



- Read the Header Data and Checksum values.
- Header consists of multiple chunks (struct)
 - Parse Header Chunks
 - Loop while (dwCounter <= dwCalculateHeaderSize)
 - dwChunkFlag (BYTE)
 - dwChunkSize (BYTE)
 - Read the MD5 checksum of the Raw Data (0x10 BYTES)

Breaking ionCube

Process the RAW DATA



- Validate ADLER32 checksum for the encoded VM
 - START: **EncodedVM + 0x04**
 - END: EncodedVM.EOS

```
4+oV5E3tizCOGmZayKycyFdfdNEYKcDQ2UctWQgi5wUMAYDSmMVeolZpTJYlsb2ZS87vmUDNyJXy
u6mBqXBOY8uBDM8S9FpfYpOU8H2UybP4eoySb3gsXR3LRDVhZQOE547VladmAtDtg672Z0axEinZ
4Q0KK4ySjMqf/y74+9n0mQxv89e/3ORP/KEy9C7qQ57ANCp167ft8uwqnxmMG2B0FghtwVsgbjWW
TRM9HpX9RfSRUpbRfJyiWM77aOjzW9XB2eAJyxqd/T5a5+EXVl7auGnQ2ZiQhbeeajCwKRwWP0X9
N8VmcedG2VriSa6TMSY++2C4zLx5FcRziK7DMb2vYBQA0IhN8SOiVv4t5JIzumywsmq9bHtAZLdU
62oKLWPotyYaB7R/+nSDX4s7Vwifp0nXJe8NQ5zI36p4UMmoZnHHKC/+oFab7U7rI4uC707fwrhr
b95eZu1QsG+TWFhNjn3Ao9UC1Grvoye+fIL7xrq=
```

- Extract CRC from Header
 - `dwCRC == dwCalculatedADLER32`

Breaking ionCube

Process the RAW DATA

- Decrypt Chunk Key using the following algorithm
foreach (BYTE dwB in dwMD5Checksum) {
 ROR(dwB, 3)
}
- Decrypt Header with the following algorithm
while (Header.POSITION != EOS) {
 while (dwMD5Checksum.POS != EOS) {
 x = ReadDWORD()
 y = dwMD5Checksum.ReadBYTE()
 z = (x ^ Rand_MT(0xFF) ^ y)
 }
}
- At this point we have extracted ionCube Header in Binary format

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Read dwVersionData for the Header version (DWORD)
- Read dwMinimumLoaderVersion (DWORD)
- Read dwObfuscationFlags
 - Decode dwObfuscationFlags
 - VARIABLES -> 0x0004
 - FUNCTIONS -> 0x0008
- Read dwHeaderCustomLoaderEventMessagesCount (DWORD)
- Read a fixed sized string for szObfuscationHashSeed with fixed size of dwHeaderCustomLoaderEventMessagesCount

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Try to extract dwByteCodeKey
 - Doesn't exist?
 - Assume a HARD-CODED value of 0x363432
 - Exists?
 - Read it normally
 - If (dwByteCodeKey == 0x92A764C5)
 - » SPECIAL CASE: LicenseFile(+EnforceLicense)
 - License File exists?
 - YES: GOOD
 - NO: Could be calculated and recovered

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Read `dwIncludedXORKey` (HARD-CODED value: `0xE9FC23B1`)
- Read `dwNumberOfStructsToRead` which will specify how many structures to read based on the encoding of the original file
 - `LicenseString` (restricted by the value of `dwSize`)
 - `dwDummy` (DWORD)
 - `dwSize` (DWORD)
 - Check for `DisableCheckingofLicenseRestriction` (pointed by `dwDummy3`)
 - `dwDummy1` (DWORD)
 - `dwDummy2` (DWORD)
 - `dwDummy3` (DWORD)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Check for LicensePassphrase (restricted by the value of dwSize)
 - dwDummy (DWORD)
 - dwSize (DWORD)
- Check if there is a CustomErrorCallback file (restricted by the value of dwSize)
 - dwDummy (DWORD)
 - dwSize (DWORD)
- Check if there is a CustomErrorCallbackHandler (restricted by the value of dwSize)
 - dwDummy (DWORD)
 - dwSize (DWORD)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Check for EnableAutoPrependAppendFile (pointed by dwDummy3)
 - dwDummy1
 - dwDummy2
 - dwDummy3
- Skip 2 dummy DWORD and a calculated number of bytes
 - dwCalculatesBytes =
ABS(dwNumberOfStructsToRead – 5)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Decode the CustomErrorMessages (the following) with the later algorithm
 - Corrupt-file
 - Expire-file
 - No-permissions
 - Clock-skew
 - Untrusted-extension
 - License-not-found
 - License-corrupt
 - License-expired
 - License-property-invalid
 - License-server-invalid
 - Unauth-including-file
 - Unauth-included-file
 - Unauth-append-prepend-file

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Read `dwNumberOfCustomizedErrorMessages` which will determine how many structs to read later
- Loop through `dwNumberOfCustomizedErrorMessages` and read the struct
 - `dwCustomErrorMsgID` (BYTE)
 - `szCustomErrorMsg`
 - WARNING: NULL-TERMINATED strings (skip `\0`)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Decode IncludeFileRestrictions
 - Read
dbNumberOfIncludeRestrictionsEntriesToRead
(BYTE)
 - Loop through
dbNumberOfIncludeRestrictionsEntriesToRead
and read 2 sets of arrays of structs
 - Read dbDummy (BYTE) [NOT IMPORTANT]
 - Set 1 (IncludeKey)
 - Set 2 (IncludeKeyHandler)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Both Set 1 and 2 need to be decoded using the following algorithm
 - Read wSize (WORD)
 - Calculate $Z = (wSize \wedge dwIncludeXORKey) \& 65535$
 - Using the calculated Z we can extract the full data and fully decode it using the following algorithm

```
Do {
    a = ReadDWORD()
    b = (a ^ dwIncludedKey)
} while (!EOS)
```

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Read dbNumberOfServerRestrictedItems (BYTE)
- Loop through dbNumberOfServerRestrictedItems and read a struct
 - Read dbNumberOfRows (BYTE)
 - Read dbNumberOfColumns (BYTE)
 - Loop through dbNumberOfColumns
 - Read dbDataType (BYTE)
 - » Decode dbDataType
 - 0 -> IP
 - 1 -> MAC
 - 3 -> NOT IMPORTANT
 - 4 -> DOMAIN

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- IP
 - Read dbNumberOfIPEntries
 - Loop through dbNumberOfIPEntries
 - Read dbUseNetMask
 - » 0 -> will use netmask
 - » 1 -> will not use netmask
 - Read IP Address in reverse order
 - » dbIP4
 - » dbIP3
 - » dbIP2
 - » dbIP1
 - Read netmask in reverse order
 - » dbNetMask4
 - » dbNetMask3
 - » dbNetMask2
 - » dbNetMask1

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- MAC
 - Read dbNumberOfMACEntries
 - Loop through dbNumberOfMACEntries
 - Read szMAC (6 BYTES)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Domain
 - Read dbNumberOfDomainEntries
 - Loop through dbNumberOfDomainEntries
 - Read szDomain (NULL-TERMINATED)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Header



- Compute `dwCalculatedAdler32` for the encoded VM
 - Difference between extracted and calculated?
(Un/modified)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Extra Header



- Read 0x28 bytes which contains the Extra Header
- Read wMinorVersion (WORD)
- Read wMajorVersion (WORD)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Extra Header



- Read dwPHPFlags
 - Decode dwPHPFlags
 - 0x001
 - 0x002
 - 0x004
 - 0x008
 - 0x010
 - 0x020 (allow run with untrusted extensions)
 - 0x040 (php5 body)
 - 0x080 (vm handlers are encrypted)
 - 0x100
 - 0x200 (obfuscate function names)
 - 0x400 (encrypt strings)
 - 0x800 (obfuscate strip line numbers)
 - 0x1000 (obfuscate variable names)
 - 0x2000 (encryption flag)
 - 0x4000
 - 0x8000

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Extra Header



- Read dbEncoderGenerationNumber (BYTE)
- Read dbEncoderMajorNumber (BYTE)
- Read dbEncoderMinorNumber (BYTE)
- Read dbEncoderEnhancementNumber (BYTE)

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Extra Header



- Read dwMemberID (DWORD) [registration data]
If (license exists and license restrictions are enforced) {
 dwByteCodeKey = (0x363432 + RAND(_time()))
}

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Extra Header



- Morph the dwByteCodeKey using the following algorithm

```
If (dwServerRestrictionItems exists) {
    dwByteCode_MT_XORKey = (0x92492493 / 0x1000) * (dwByteCode_MT_InitKey / 0x1000)
    dwByteCode_MT_XORKey = ByteCode_MT_XORKey + ByteCode_MT_InitKey
    dwByteCode_MT_XORKey = (int)(dwByteCode_MT_XORKey / 4)

    If (dwByteCode_MT_XORKey < 0) {
        dwByteCode_MT_XORKey++
    }

    dwByteCode_MT_XORKey = (dwByteCode_MT_XORKey - (13 * dwServerRestrictionItems))

}
Else {
    dwByteCode_MT_XORKey = dwByteCode_MT_InitKey
}
```

$$((((dwByteCode_MT_InitKey * 0x92492493 \gg 32) + dwByteCode_MT_InitKey) \gg 2) - 13 * dwServerRestrictionItems)$$

Breaking ionCube

Interpreting the Extra Header



- Read dwCopyOfIncludedXORKey (DWORD)
- Read dwUnknown1 (DWORD)
- Read dwUnknown2 (DWORD)
- Read wUnknown3 (WORD)
- Read dbUnknown4 (BYTE)
- Read dbUnknown5 (BYTE)
- Read dwEvalTimeMinEncryption
 - $\text{dwEvalTimeMin} = \text{dwEvalTimeMinEncryption} + 10233976199$
- Read dwEvalTimeMaxEncryption
 - $\text{dwEvalTimeMax} = \text{dwEvalTimeMaxEncryption} + 83941958$
- 0x4AD70D0D -> 16.10.2009
- 0x740A9780 -> 11.09.2031
- CONST dwSecondsPerDay = 86400 (24h * 60m * 60s)

Conclusion



- VM uses a simplistic Stack based approach
- Encryption/Encoding methods are weak and easily broken
- Relies too much on XOR based encryption
- LOTS of HARD-CODED constants
- Loader is easily patched (no protection, x86 code easily read)
- Couple of bugs in the Loader through hand-crafted VM (exploitable?)

Q & A



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